





# In situ Microbial Dissolution of Iron Mineral-Bearing Wastes for Metal Recovery

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#### Contents

- Targeted waste types
- Introduction to Iron Reducing Microbes
- Natural Analogous Systems
- Preliminary Study and Results
- Subsequent Work
- Conclusions

### Iron Mineral-Bearing Wastes



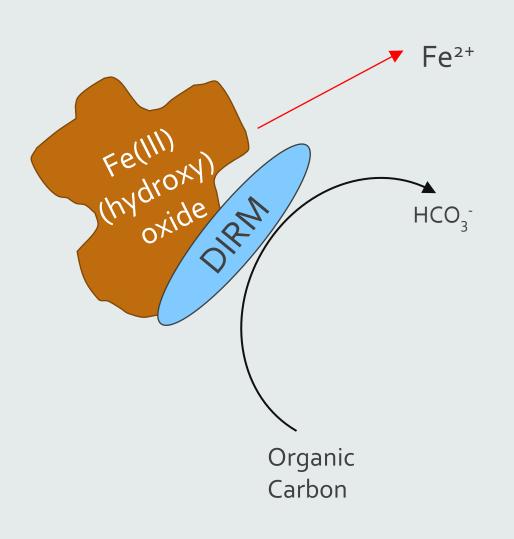
**Acid Mine Drainage Sludges** 

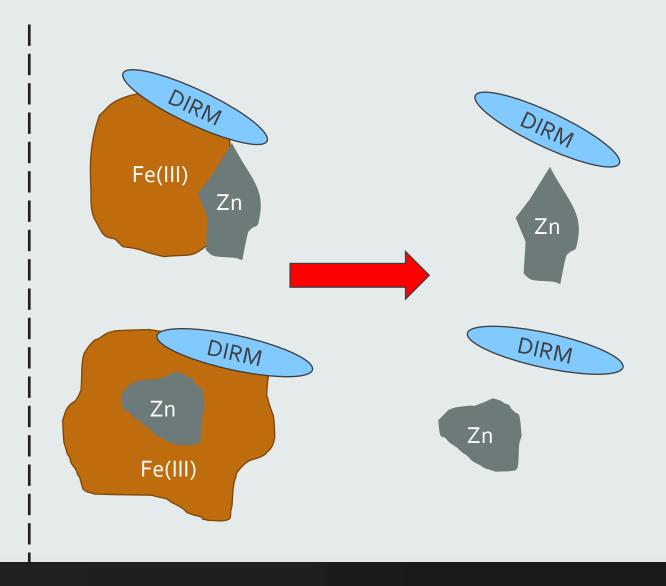
Steel Making Sludges & Slurries

Active Mine Treatment Sludges

**Red Mud** 

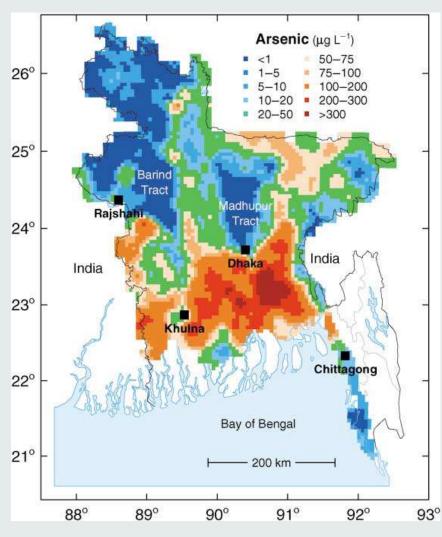
#### <u>Dissimilative Iron-Reducing Microbes</u>





### Natural Analogous Systems

- The most widely studied instance is the West Bengal Delta, Bangladesh. DIRM activity is believed to be causing the dissolution of iron (hydroxy)oxides and subsequent release of associated arsenic into the groundwater
- Other examples of DIRM facilitated arsenic release include: Silver Valley (USA), Mekong Delta (Vietnam/Cambodia), Terai (Nepal).
- Mercury has also been observed to be released upon Fe(III) bio-reduction (e.g French Guyana).

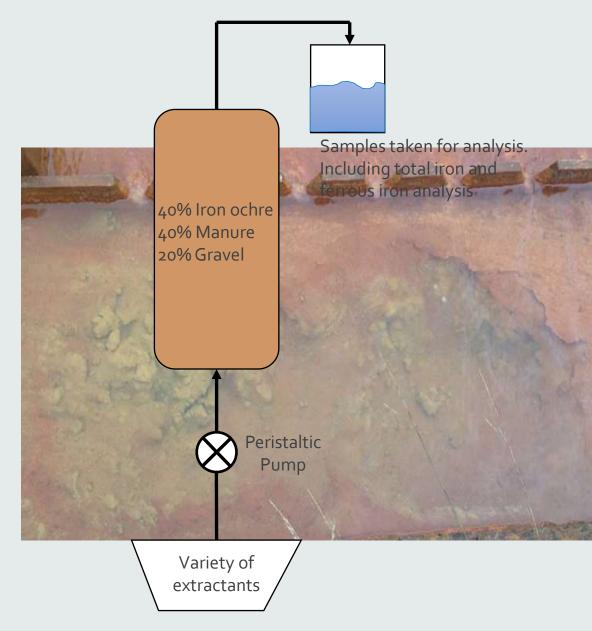


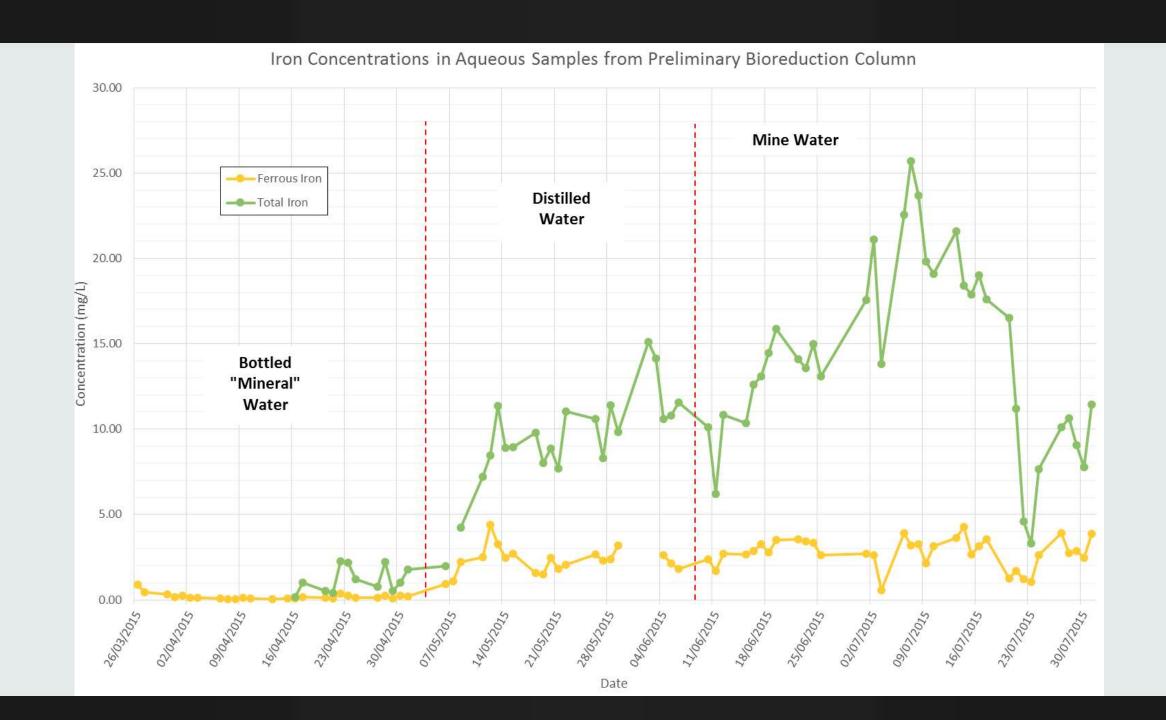
Source: Smedley & Kinniburgh, (2002)

## Preliminary Study

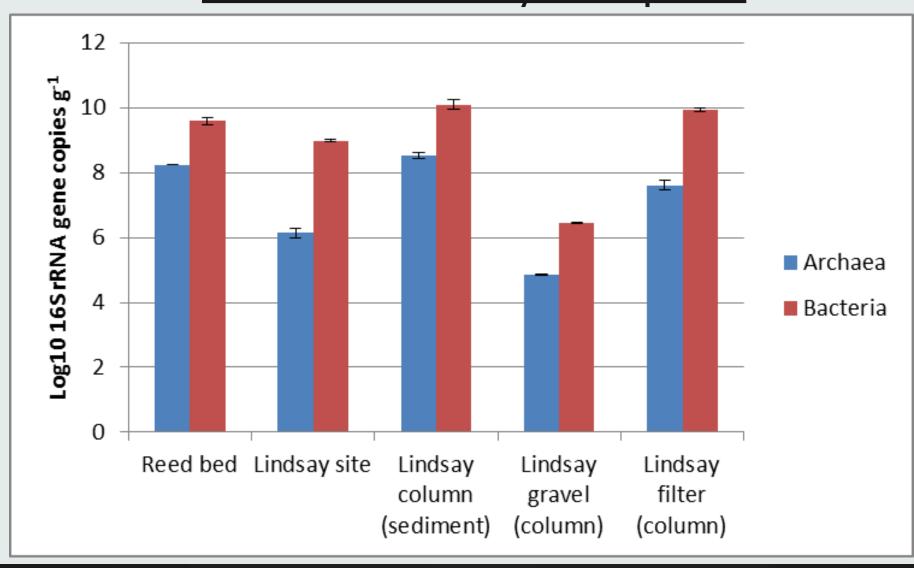
 Vertical flow column experiment utilising iron (hydroxy)oxide ochre with manure as an organic carbon source.

- Designed to investigate 2 primary aims:
  - 1. Can indigenous DIRM communities be enhanced with manure as an electron donor source
  - 2. Test the metal tolerance of and DIRM communities established



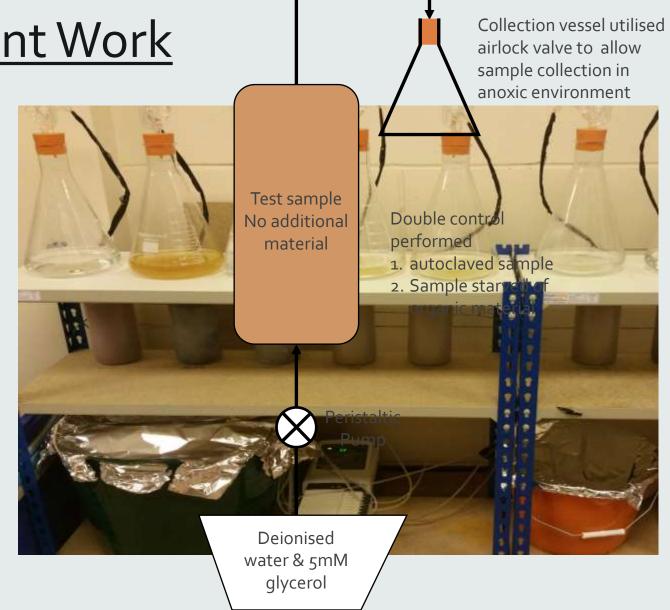


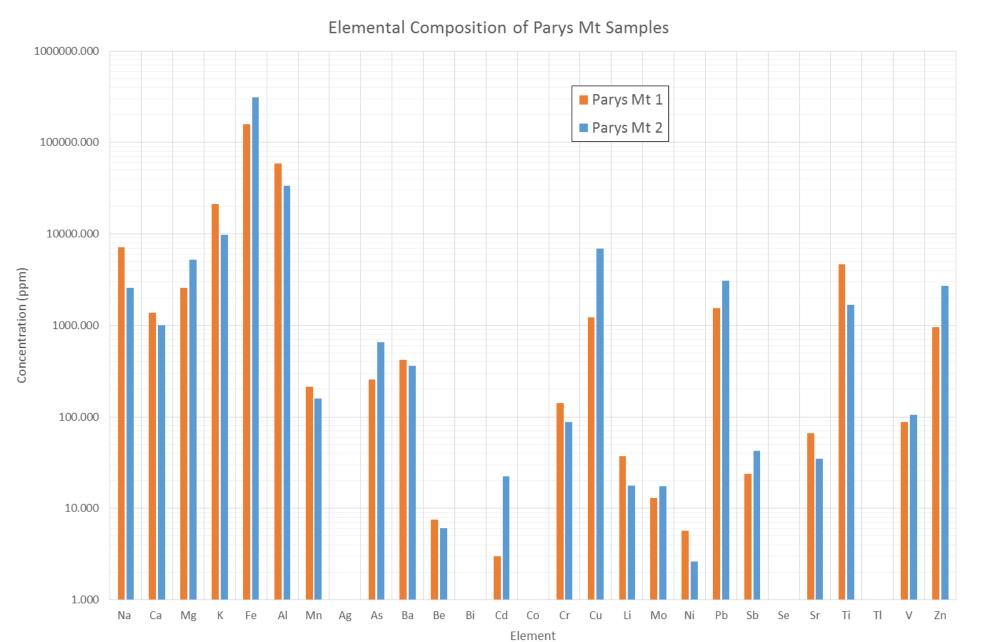
### Microbial Analysis -qPCR



Subsequent Work

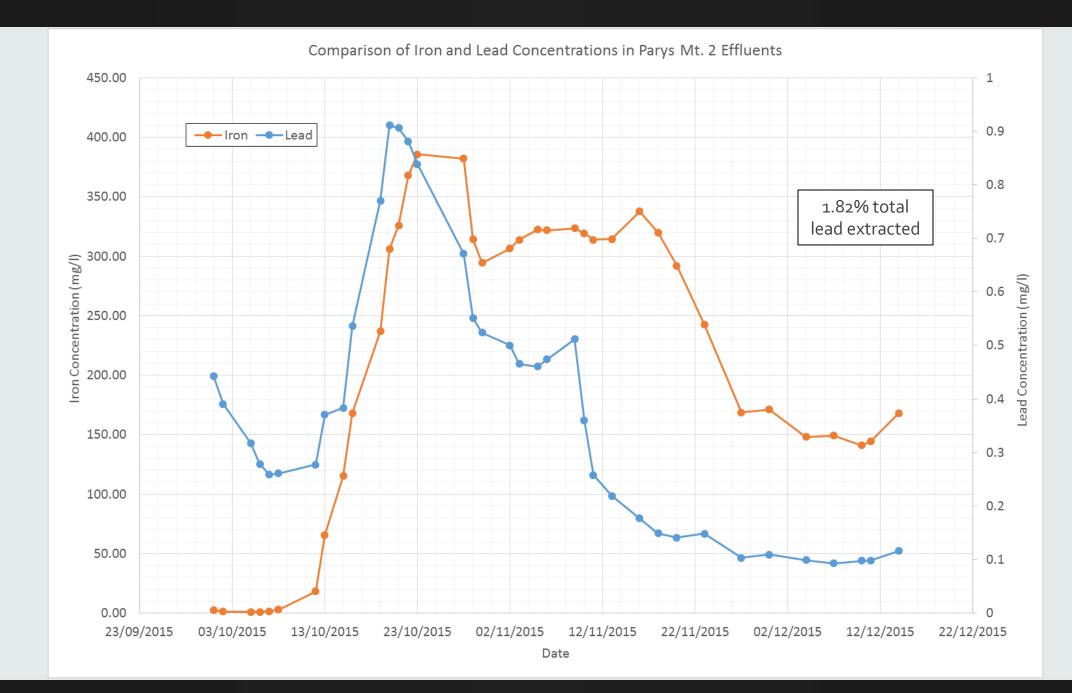
- Column experiments refined with findings from the preliminary study
- Investigated whether glycerol (as a soluble organic carbon source) proved as effective as manure
- Investigated whether indigenous DIRM communities were present, and could be enhanced, within a range of wastes.











#### Conclusions

- Evidence strongly suggests DIRM are present within some anthropogenic iron (hydroxy)oxide wastes
- Indigenous DIRM communities can be enhanced with the introduction of an organic carbon source to act as an electron donor
- DIRM have shown a high tolerance to elevated metal contents
- Evidence of the potential to extract metals associated with iron (hydroxy)oxides







## Thank you for your attention

Questions welcome



