



EGEPT SAMPLE EXEMPTION EXAM

School of Foreign Languages
Preparatory English Programme

USE OF ENGLISH (50 points)

PART 1 (10 points)

**Choose the correct answer for each question. Then mark A, B, C or D on the optic form.
Questions: 1-7**

My friend Carla and I __ (1) __ students in a beautiful seaside city called Valencia, on the coast of Spain. Every day we do our homework together at Carla's house, but now we __ (2) __ in the school library together.

1. A. be B. am C. is D. are
2. A. are studying B. study C. studied D. studies

I hate fruits. I __ (3) __ eat apples.

3. A. always B. never C. often D. usually

John : __ (4) __ to Paris before?
Kate : Yes, I have. It's a beautiful place.

4. A. Are you going B. Have you been C. Do you go D. Did you go

I __ (5) __ a motorbike, but my sister has.

5. A. hasn't got B. have got C. has got D. haven't got

John : Shall we go to the new Swiss restaurant tonight, Diana?
Diana : Sorry, I __ (6) __ . I'm very busy this evening.
John : All right. __ (7) __ go there at the weekend?
Diana : That would be nice.

6. A. can't B. don't have to C. can D. have to

7. A. Do you like B. Why don't we C. What about D. Would you like

Choose the correct answer for each question. Then mark **A, B, C or D** on the optic form.

Questions: 8-10

I like travelling. I ___ (8) ___ lots of places abroad. For example, I went to London two years ago. It has a lot of historic buildings such as St Paul's Cathedral and the Houses of Parliament, museums with excellent collections of art. My visit ___ (9) ___ enjoyable. I loved all the bridges and old squares. But London is very large and overcrowded. The city has a lot of traffic and pollution problems, too. Over 2 million people a day use the London Underground, but ___ (10) ___ still a lot of cars on the streets and the air is very dirty.

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|----|-----------------|----|---------|-----|--------------|
| 8. | A. visit | 9. | A. is | 10. | A. there is |
| | B. visited | | B. are | | B. there are |
| | C. am visiting | | C. was | | C. it is |
| | D. have visited | | D. were | | D. they are |

PART 2 (40 points) MARK THE ANSWERS OF THIS PART ON PART 2 ON THE OPTIC FORM.

Questions: 1-6

I am Janet Brown. I work for a large airline company. I work as an air hostess, so I often travel by plane and stay in different countries. I have travelled and stayed at many places ___ (1) ___. I love my work. My father first wanted me to apply for an office job, but I can't imagine ___ (2) ___ in an office all day. It is too boring. For me, being an air hostess is really enjoyable. You ___ (3) ___ meet new people and see interesting places. The salary is good, too.

On the other hand, my brother ___ (4) ___ be a banker. But now he isn't. Last year a good job ___ (5) ___ to him by a travel company. He is now a tourist guide. His present job is ___ (6) ___ interesting ___ (6) ___ mine. He travels a lot like me.

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|----|----------------|----|-----------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| 1. | A. already | 2. | A. sit | 3. | A. can | 4. | A. could |
| | B. never | | B. sitting | | B. have to | | B. might |
| | C. just | | C. to sit | | C. must | | C. used to |
| | D. yet | | D. to sitting | | D. should | | D. would |
| 5. | A. offer | 6. | A. as / as | | | | |
| | B. offered | | B. too / ---- | | | | |
| | C. is offered | | C. a lot / than | | | | |
| | D. was offered | | D. very / than | | | | |

Questions: 7-9

Tony : Is that your daughter's coat?

Kate : No, it __ (7) __ be hers. It's too big for her size.

7. A. must B. mustn't C. can D. can't

Jill : Who __ (8) __ for help?

Jack : My sister. She is very helpful.

8. A. you asked B. you did ask C. did you ask D. you ask

Tim : Have you heard that the council wants to close the primary school in Cornwall?

Roy : Oh, really? Why?

Tim : The problem is that the school doesn't have __ (9) __ students, and the council says it costs a lot of money to keep it open for only a few children.

Roy : That's really annoying.

9. A. very B. enough C. a lot D. too much

Questions: 10-13

Maria is a professional photographer. Her primary interest in photography is always wildlife and animal photography. She takes photographs of wild animals. She has sold at least fifty of her pictures to different magazines __ (10) __ she became a wildlife photographer. Right now, she is working on a project for National Geographic. Last week, she __ (11) __ a mother bear with her cubs when she suddenly saw several snakes. She took some pictures of them, too. Maria absolutely loves her job. That's why she doesn't mind __ (12) __ in the wild. As soon as she finishes her project on the bears in the Rocky Mountains, she will go to Africa __ (13) __ take pictures of elephants.

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|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| 10. A. while | 11. A. watches | 12. A. be | 13. A. in order to |
| B. until | B. is watching | B. being | B. because |
| C. since | C. have watched | C. to be | C. so that |
| D. for | D. was watching | D. to being | D. so |

Choose the correct answer for each question. Then mark A, B, C or D on the optic form.

Questions: 14-19

He ___ (14) ___ phone home but his phone was out of order, so he couldn't.

14. A. must
 B. should
 C. has to
 D. had to

Sam : Excuse me, ___ (15) ___ the way to the bank, please?

Joe : Yes, of course I can. Keep going this way until you reach the town hall.
 Then go left and it's in front of you.

Sam : Thank you.

15. A. could you tell me
 B. do you tell me
 C. do you know
 D. would you mind telling me

Kate : ___ (16) ___?

Sue : My sister. Have you seen her?

Kate : Yes. I saw her ten minutes ago in the school canteen.

Sue : Thanks.

16. A. Who are you looking for
 B. Who you are looking for
 C. Who are looking for you
 D. For who you are looking

The tour leader to the passengers : Are you enjoying the trip?

The tour leader asked the passengers ___ (17) ___.

17. A. that they are enjoying the trip
 B. whether I am enjoying the trip
 C. if I was enjoying the trip
 D. if they were enjoying the trip

Tommy : __ (18) __ to the radio?

Tina : No, you can turn it off.

18. A. Do you listen
 B. Are you listening
 C. Were you listening
 D. Did you listen

Peter : I can't stay long because I have to go to the doctor's.

Peter said that __ (19) __.

19. A. he can't stay long because he has to go to the doctor's
 B. he can't stay long because he had to go to the doctor's
 C. he couldn't stay long because he had to go to the doctor's
 D. he couldn't stay long because he has to go to the doctor's

Questions: 20-23

Parents should understand the fact that they are __ (20) __ the most important factor in their children's lives. They aren't the only influence on what happens outside school, of course, but they are the strongest. __ (21) __ parents want their children to learn right from wrong, but values won't develop on their own and they need to be taught. The best way to encourage truthfulness in your child is to be an honest person yourself. Consider this story: Carol, __ (22) __ is the mother of a 3-year-old boy Chris, decided to limit the number of play dates between Chris and his friend Paul to solve a problem. The boys were fighting a lot while playing games and Carol thought that they should spend some time apart. So when Paul's mother called one afternoon to arrange a get-together, Carol told her a lie saying that Chris was sick. Carol then tried to explain the differences between the various types of lies and Chris was confused. All he understood was that lying is sometimes okay and that it is what people do. However, Chris __ (23) __ confused if Carol __ (23) __ that lie. We should never forget this fact: Your children take your behaviours as an example, so always let them hear you being truthful with adults.

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|-----------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| 20. A. the same | 21. A. All | 22. A. who | 23. A. isn't / doesn't tell |
| B. by far | B. No | B. that | B. won't be / doesn't tell |
| C. slightly | C. None | C. whose | C. wouldn't be / didn't tell |
| D. similar to | D. Plenty | D. ----- | D. wouldn't have been / hadn't told |

Read the following texts below and choose the correct answer for each question. Then mark A, B, C or D on the optic form.

Questions: 24-30

Plastic grocery bags are durable bags that can carry heavy loads and (24) since the 1960s. A recent study shows that people consume one trillion plastic bags every year worldwide. However, eco city life experts (25) us not to use plastic bags as they are a huge factor in the pollution of the Earth's oceans, rivers and grasslands. Even highways and motorways are full of debris from these bags. This is why some eco cities throughout the world have started a fight against plastic bag use. An eco city is a city (26) people can live healthier and economically productive lives while reducing their influence on the environment. The most successful example of eco cities in Europe is Dublin. Irish government introduced a special law called "Plas Tax" in 2002, a tax of 0,15 € per bag. The government (27) reduce the single-use plastic bags at 90% in only 6 months and made a profit of 19 million euros for the country. In a study done by the Irish Department of the Environment in 2010, experts discovered that plastic bag usage (28) 93,5% since the "Plas Tax" was introduced in 2002. Therefore, now it (29) effective to make consumers pay taxes for plastic bags.

The campaigns for a *Plastic Bag Free World* are held every year. On Friday, 22 May 2017, environmentalists, experts and business people from around the world (30) at Greens/EFA Conference at the European Parliament in Brussels to discuss the issues on plastic bags and encourage the re-usable carrier bags.

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|--|--|--|--|
| 24. A. used
B. are used
C. have been used
D. were used | 25. A. suggest
B. promise
C. warn
D. offer | 26. A. which
B. when
C. that
D. where | 27. A. could
B. would
C. used to
D. managed to |
| 28. A. dropped
B. has dropped
C. had dropped
D. would drop | 29. A. seems
B. is seeming
C. seemed
D. has seemed | 30. A. meet
B. would meet
C. have met
D. are going to meet | |

Questions: 31-34

This year the world celebrates the International Year of Chemistry. The celebrations are reasonable without exception since chemistry is hugely important for all of us. It is easy to complain about the chemistry homework, but it is impossible to underestimate its importance in our daily lives. Can you imagine what life __ (31) __ like today if we __ (31) __ so many things thanks to chemistry?

Look around your home and count the number of things around coming out of chemistry breakthroughs and inventions. Long before chemistry, clean drinking water would be hard to come by and deadly waterborne diseases such as cholera, dysentery and typhoid were commonplace and the average life expectancy was just about 35. Since the beginning of the 17th century, scientists __ (32) __ for solutions to these problems when they realised the usefulness of chemistry in the production of medicine. In years, improvements in modern chemistry have changed the situation for the better, __ (33) __ the basis for medicine and vaccination to fight fatal diseases. Of course, this also led to new discoveries not just concerning medicine. Scientists, today, expect that the business of chemistry __ (34) __ much more proficient in continuously bringing new, imaginative and innovative ideas by the end of the decade.

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|---|---|---|
| <p>31. A. would be / didn't invent
B. would be / hadn't invented
C. would have been / didn't invent
D. would have been / hadn't invented</p> | <p>32. A. are looking
B. have been looking
C. had been looking
D. were looking</p> | <p>33. A. provide
B. providing
C. provided
D. to provide</p> |
| <p>34. A. became
B. has become
C. will have become
D. will be becoming</p> | | |

Questions: 35-40

The Bermuda Triangle is a large area of ocean between Florida, Puerto Rico, and Bermuda. Over the last few centuries, it is thought that dozens of ships and planes have disappeared under mysterious circumstances in the area, __ (35) __ it the nickname "The Devil's Triangle."

The Bermuda Triangle's bad reputation started with reported compass issues in the region where a magnetic compass does point towards the north. Normally, it points towards magnetic north. The difference between the two is known as compass variation. Perhaps, this __ (36) __ a part in many of the disappearances in that region in history. Despite this now being repeated as an explanation for disappearances in the Triangle on numerous documentaries and articles since then, it turns out magnetic variation is something ship captains and other explorers have known about and had to deal with pretty much __ (37) __ there have been ships and compasses.

The mystery of the Triangle probably took hold with the first well-publicised disappearance in 1945, when five Navy Avengers disappeared in the area. The cause of the disappearance was originally "pilot error", but family members of the pilot leading the mission couldn't accept that he had made such a mistake. Eventually, the Navy was made __ (38) __ it to "causes or reasons unknown."

In 1950, the myth gained momentum again after reporter E.V.W. Jones compiled a list of "mysterious disappearances" of ships and planes in Bermuda. And two years later, __ (39) __ George X. Sand who wrote an article for *Fate* magazine, titled *Sea Mystery at our Back Door*. The article was about a series of strange marine disappearances that have taken place in the past few years in Bermuda.

Although substantial documentation exists, showing numerous incidents incorrectly reported or embellished by overzealous authors, some mysterious Bermuda Triangle disappearances are expected __ (40) __ accurately soon.

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|---|---|--|
| <p>35. A. earned
B. earning
C. being earned
D. having earned</p> | <p>36. A. can play
B. must play
C. should have played
D. could have played</p> | <p>37. A. as long as
B. in case
C. even if
D. unless</p> |
| <p>38. A. change
B. changing
C. changed
D. to change</p> | <p>39. A. no sooner had
B. not only did
C. what
D. it was</p> | <p>40. A. to explain
B. to be explained
C. being explained
D. having been explained</p> |

-END OF USE OF ENGLISH-



END OF THE TEST